



Energy transition AND regulatory sandboxes

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Interreg Sudoe



European Regional Development Fund

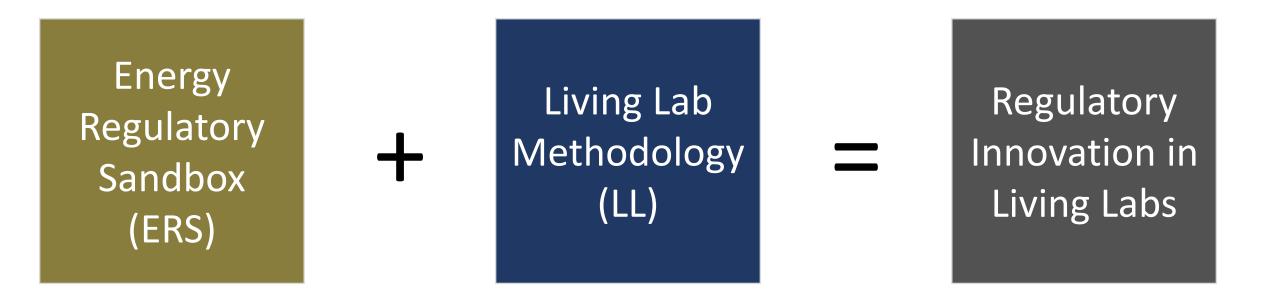
Report March 10th, 2022



- 1. Objective of the Tr@nsnet and of the *Report*
- 2. Context of Energy Transition and Regulatory Sandboxes (ERS)
- 3. Situation in the SUDOE region
- 4. Recommendations for designing and implementing ERS

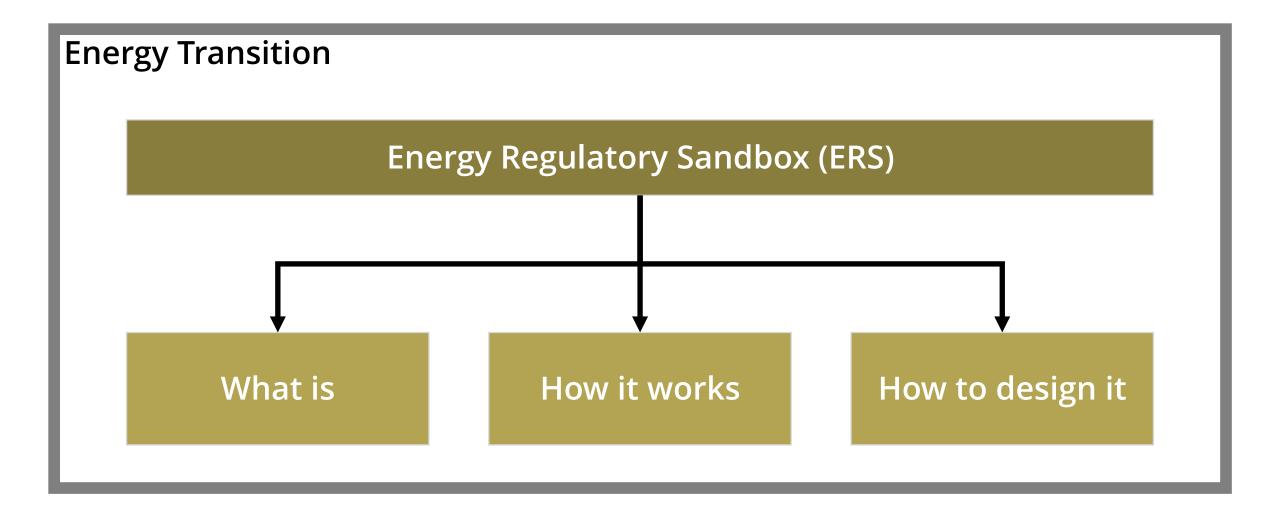


To integrate the study of regulatory innovation into the innovation assessment methodology of Living Labs





WHAT IS THE OBJECTIVE OF THIS *REPORT*?





ENERGY TRANSITION CHALLENGES

Increasing renewable energy and energy efficiency

Sector coupling

Flexibility services

Integration of energy storage

Reduction environmental impacts

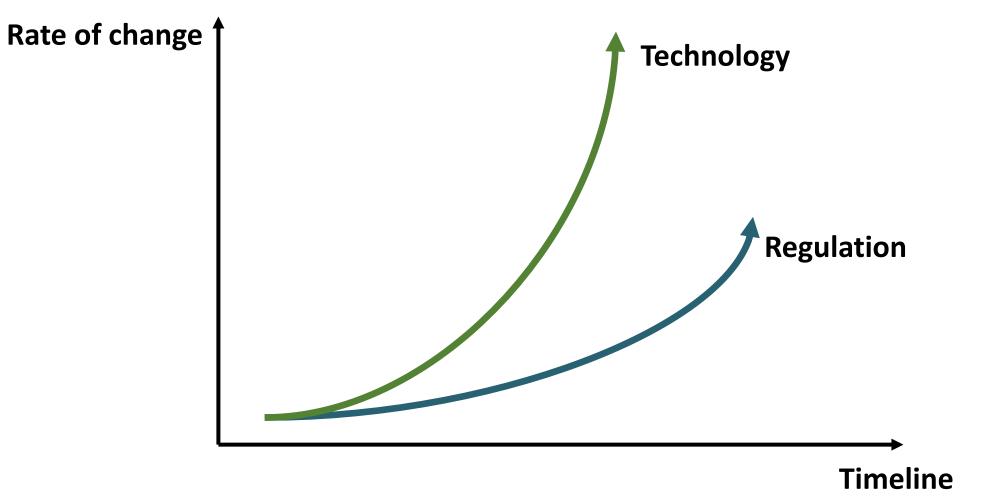
Energy communities

Consumer empowerment

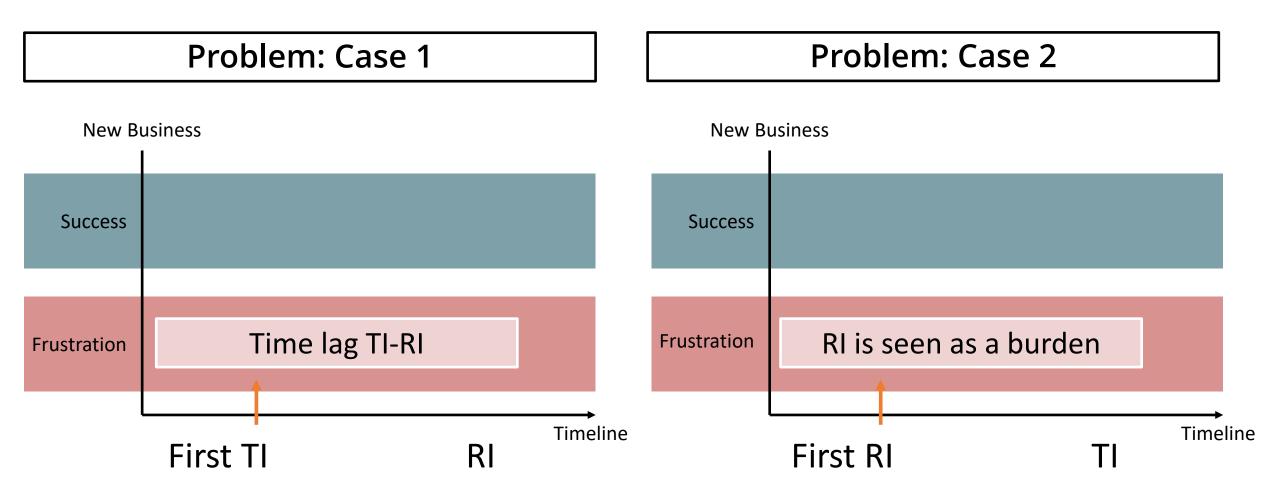
Protection of consumer interests



TECHNOLOGY AND REGULATION: DIFFERENT RATES OF CHANGE

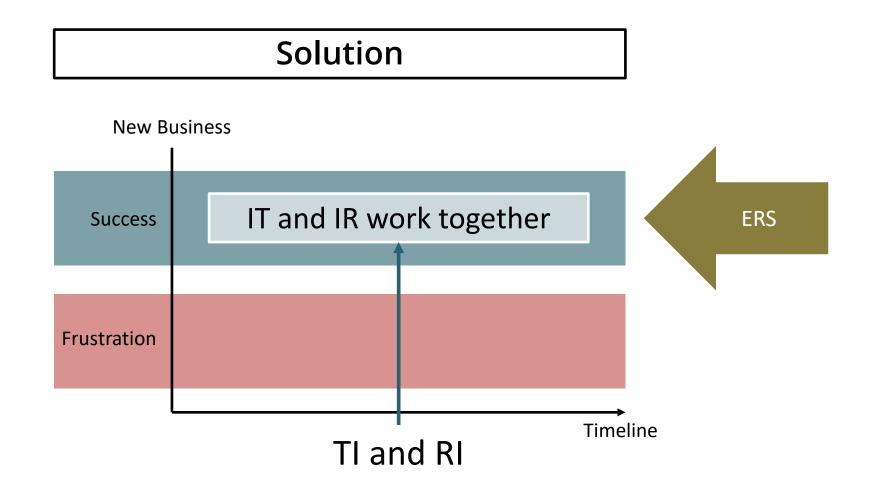






Energy Transition and Energy Regulatory Sandboxes – Tr@nsnet Report







ENERGY REGULATORY SANDBOXES

ERS are instruments to support innovation aimed at decarbonising the economy, and

helping consumers to access new products and services and protecting their interests.

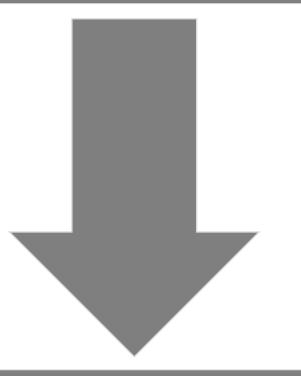
- New products
- Energy communities
- New services: peer-to-peer energy sharing and flexibility
- Technological platforms (Blockchain)
- New tariff models based on dynamic prices
- Business models in new areas



TEST ENVIRONMENTS vs ERS

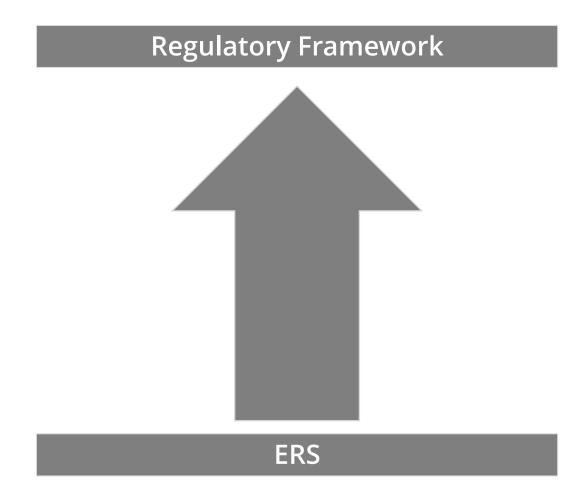
Top-down: No regulatory innovation

Regulatory Framework



Test environments

Bottom-up: Towards regulatory innovation





TEST ENVIRONMENTS vs ERS

Top-down: No regulatory innovation

Regulatory Framework

- Limited regulator participation
- Interaction between technological actors
- Validates the technology
- Business model still under design
- TRL 4-6

Test environments

Bottom-up: Towards regulatory innovation

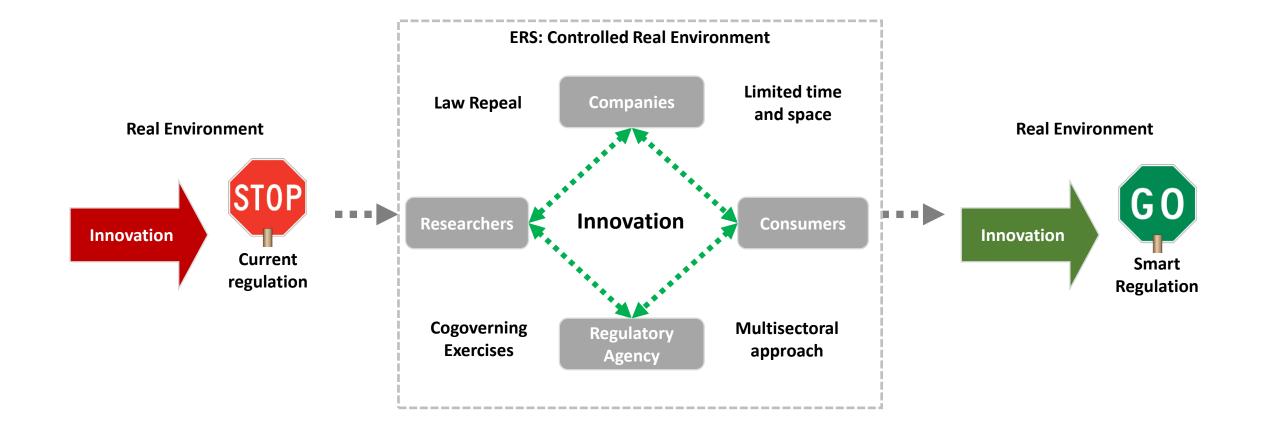
Regulatory Framework

- High level of regulator participation
- Holistic interaction between actors
- Validates the business model
- Designed business model
- TRL 7-9





HOW AN ERS WORKS?





BENEFITS OF ERS

Innovation is accelerating	Technological Innovation	Social Innovation	Open Innovatio	on Smart Regulation
Decarbonisation	Direct communication between stake	eholders	Specific benefits	for each region/country
Benefits for innovators Test innovation with real consumers		ers Risk m	itigation In	creases access to capital
Benefits for consumers	New products	New serv	vices	Interest protection







France

Portugal

Spain

- November 8, 2019 on energy and climate, known as the "Energy-Climate Law"
- In 2020, the CRE announced the application of the "regulatory sandbox"
- In 2021, the CRE opened a second application phase



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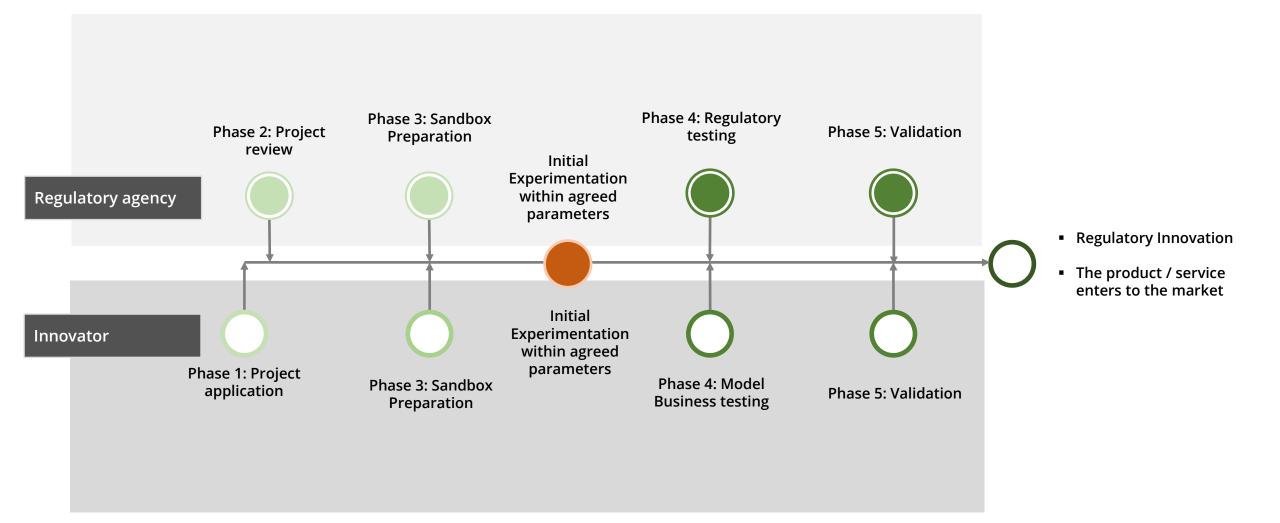
Spain

- Royal Decree-Law 23/2020, of June 23, 2020: "novelties, exceptions or regulatory safeguards that contribute to facilitating research and innovation in the field of the electricity sector"
- 2021-2022 action plan of the CNMC

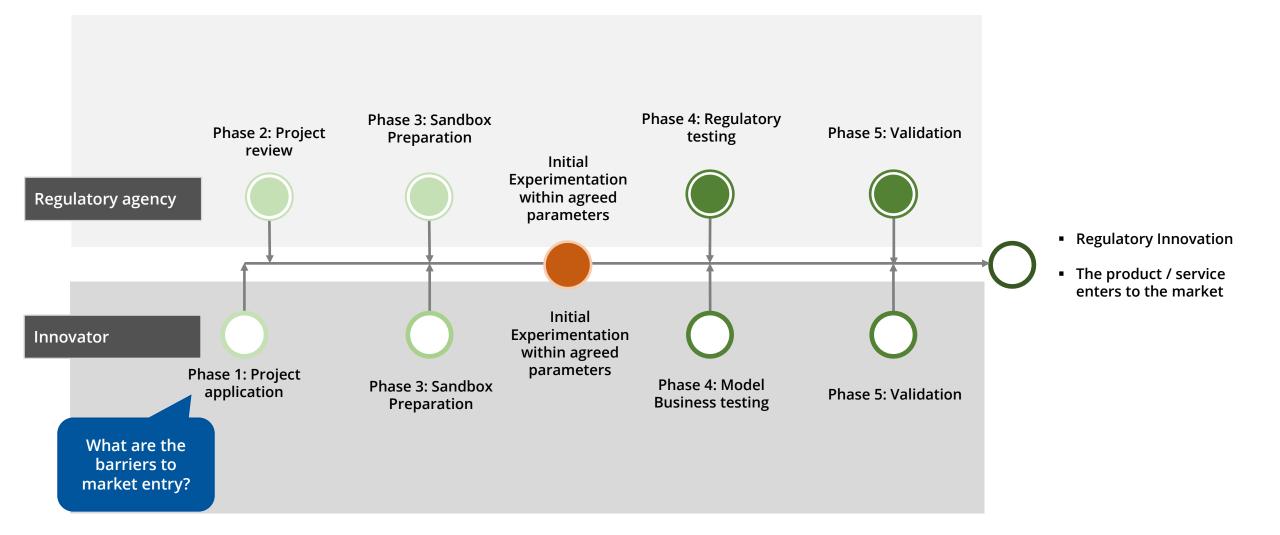




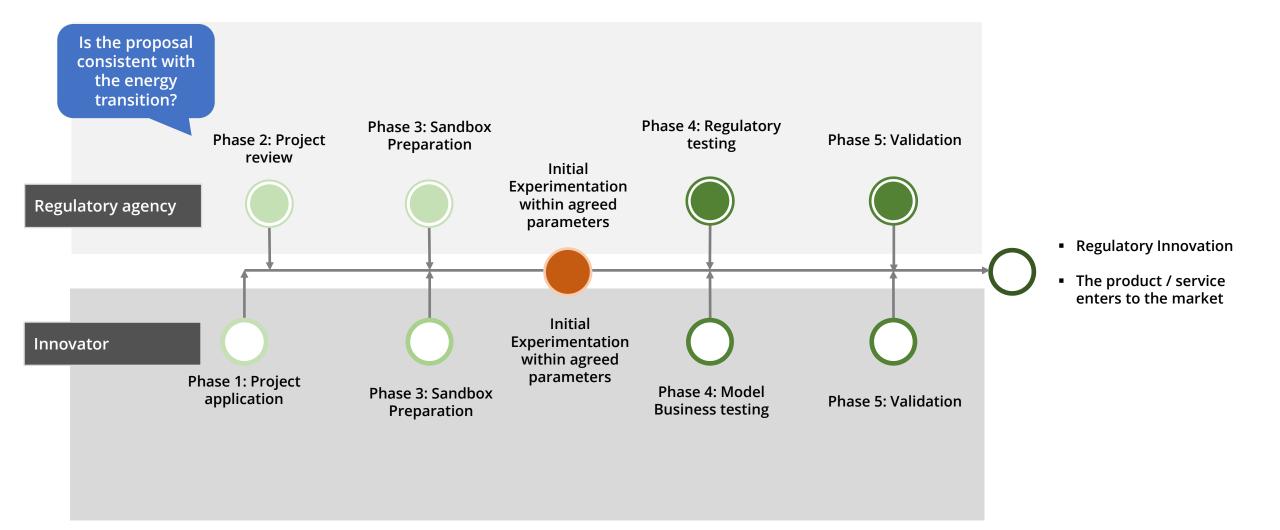




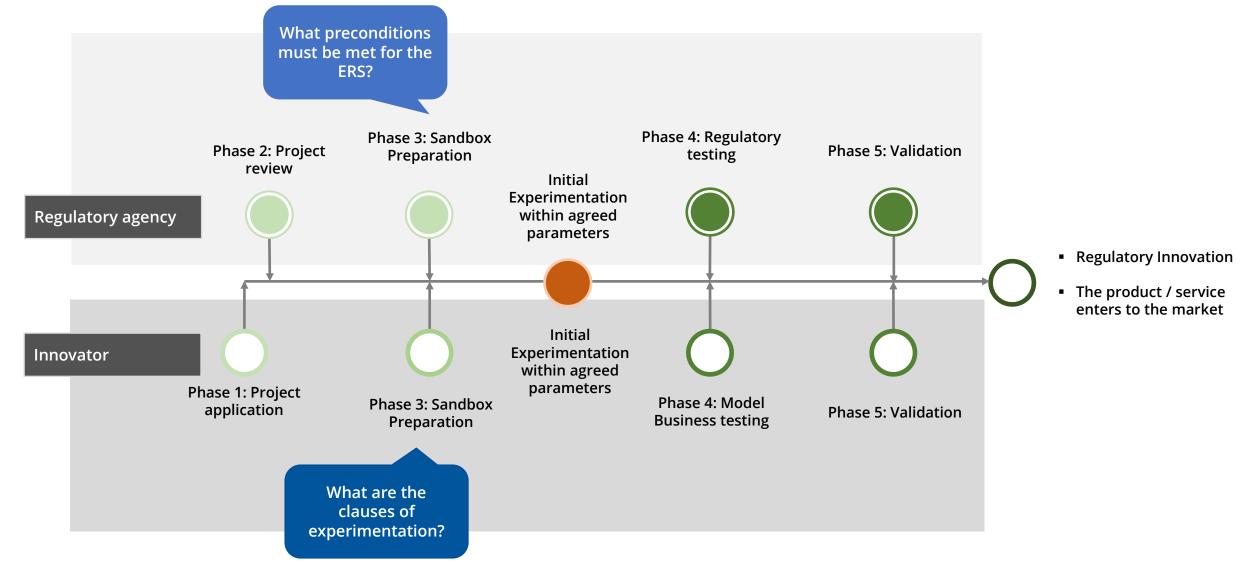




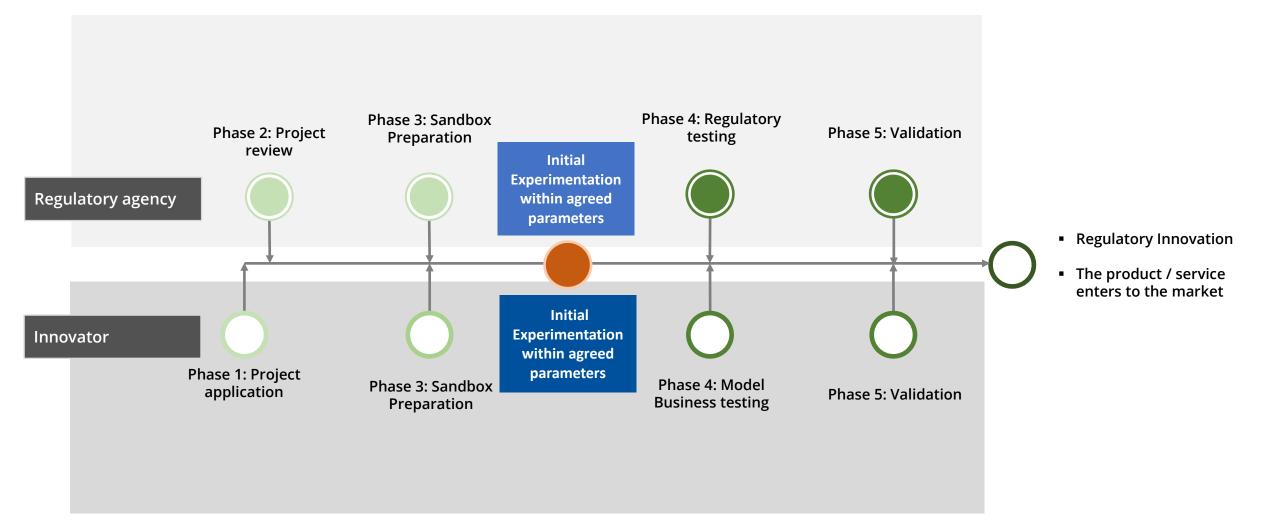








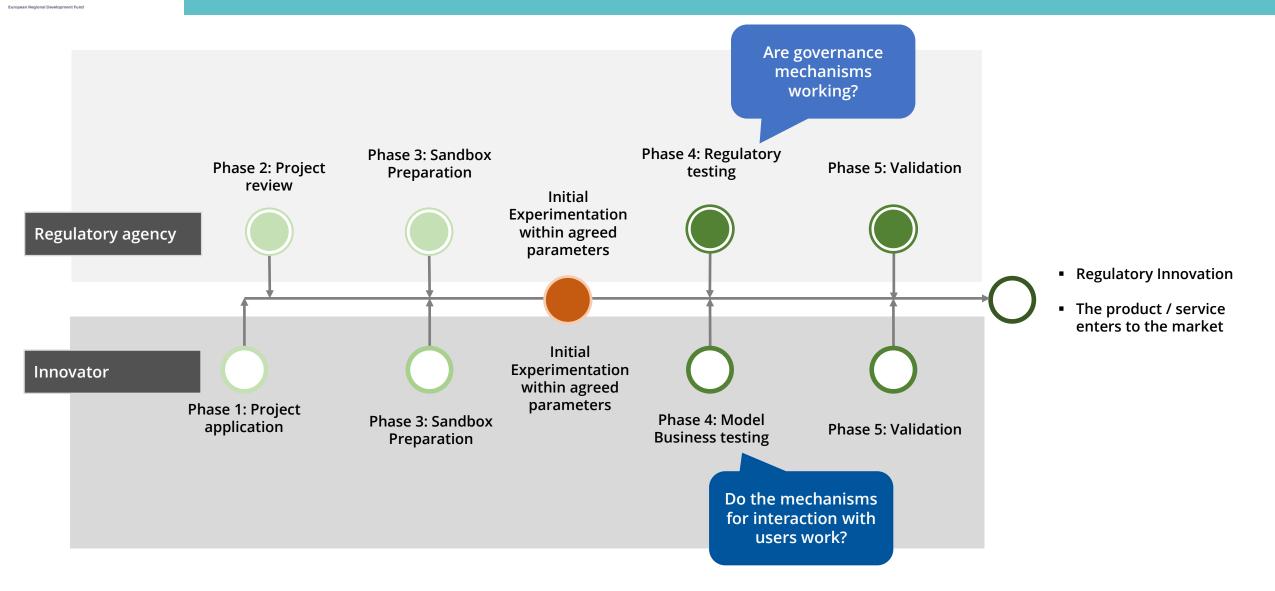




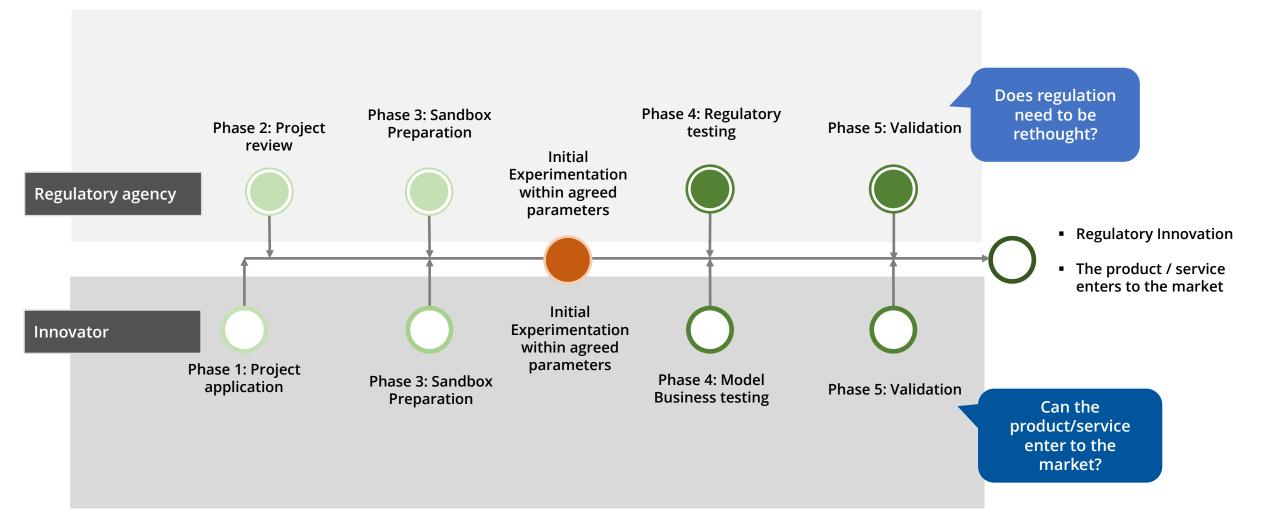


Sudoe

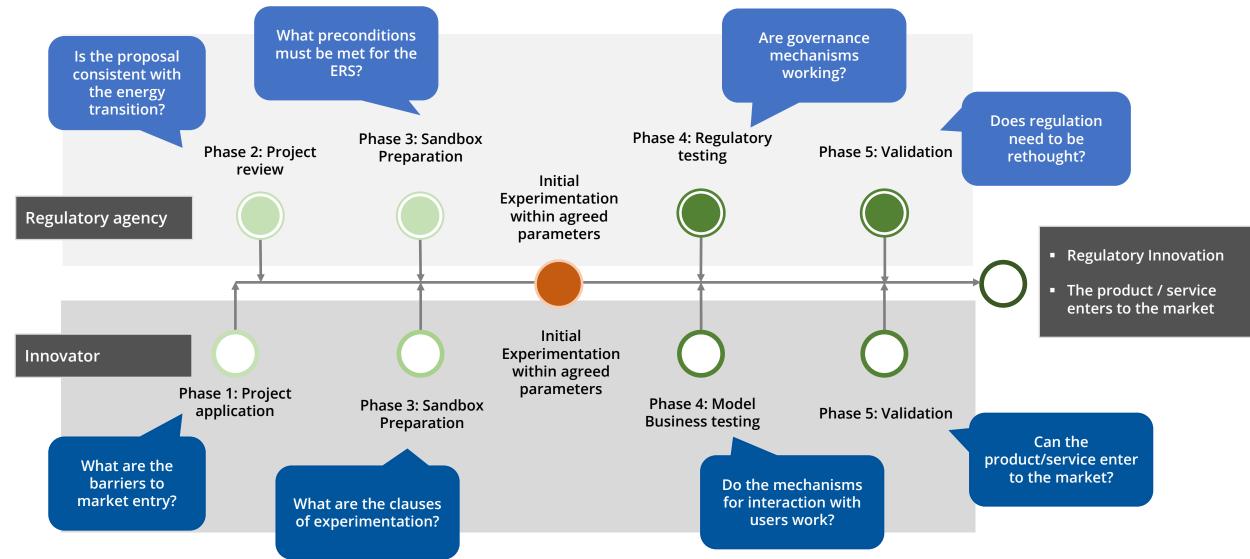
R@NSnet













Regulatory Sandboxes and Energy Transition:

Instruments to support innovation towards the decarbonisation of the economy

Relationship with the energy transition:

Energy transition is a consumer-centred, multi-sectoral transformation

Maturity level of innovations:

Business models with validated technologies will help regulatory innovation

Holistic character of evidence:

The new energy model requires progress in new system governance mechanisms

Thank you!

Manuel Villa-Arrieta Funseam

March 10th, 2022



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EUROPEAN UNION